ITERATIVE ASPECTS IN CONJUGATED VEKUA EQUATION

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Abstract. The Vekua equation $\frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = A(z, \overline{z})w + B(z, \overline{z})\overline{w} + F(z, \overline{z})$ is of grate importance in the theory of Partial Equations as well as in the theory of Complex Analysis. Here $w(z, \overline{z}) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is unknown function, the coefficients $A(z, \overline{z}), B(z, \overline{z})$ and $F(z, \overline{z})$ are continuous differentiable functions and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial \overline{z}}$ is conjugated differentiation operator. In his monograph, Vekua also pointed out to contribution of this equation in finding solutions of many boundary problems in mathematical physics. In this paper we consider a special case $A(z, \overline{z}) = F(z, \overline{z}) = 0$. The goal is to solve the Vekua equation by iteration method and to obtain the solution of the second order partial equation.

Keywords. A series-iteration method, The Vekua equation, Contraction coefficient